2024 (1st-A) Paper Code INTERMEDIATE PART-II (12th Class) Roll No: Number: 4183 STATISTICS PAPER-II **MAXIMUM MARKS: 17 OBJECTIVE TIME ALLOWED: 20 Minutes** Q.No.1 You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that bubble in front of that question number, on bubble sheet. Use marker or pen to fill the bubbles. Cutting or filling two or more bubbles will result in zero mark in that question. B S.# **QUESTIONS** None of these  $(x, \bar{y})$ The regression line always passes  $(\bar{x},\bar{y})$  $(\bar{x}, y)$ through the point: If  $b_{xy} = -0.78$ ,  $b_{yx} = -0.49$  then 0 1.618 -0.6180.618 the correlation coefficient is: None of these Variable Both A and B Colour of hair is an example of: Attribute 3 None of these Attribute Variable Constant Height of a person is an example of: 4 Three parts Four parts Five parts In semi-average method, the data Two parts 5 is divided into: Cyclical Irregular Seasonal Fire in a factory is an example of: Secular variations trend variations variations Hard Disk Monitor C.P.U Main Memory Brain of the computer system is Standard deviation of Normal μ α σ distribution is: Variance of standard normal 0.5  $\sigma^2$ distribution is: 0 10 In normal distribution, first 3 moment ratio i.e  $\beta_1$  is: None of these Finite Infinite Both A and B A population which consists of 11 population population unlimited number of elements is called: Both A and B Standard The difference between Statistic and Non-sampling Sampling 12 error error error its relevant parameter is called: Double digit Four digit The random digit from 0 to 9 are Single digit Triple digit 13  $1-\beta$ β Probability of making type-II error 14  $\alpha$ β is denoted by: Power of test is denoted by: β  $1-\beta$ α 15 None of these Right Type-I Type-II error An innocent person is arrested by 16 decision error police is an example of: Perfect positive Perfect No If correlation coefficient, r=0, then High 17 negative correlation correlation correlation there is said to be: correlation

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	INTERMEDIATE PART-II (12th Class) 2024 1st-A) Roll No:	
	TISTICS PAPER-II MIN-Y	
	TE ALLOWED: 2.40 Hours SUBJECTIVE MAXIMUM MARKS: 68	
NOTE: Write same question number and its parts number on answer book, as given in the question paper.		
2. A	SECTION-I Attempt any eight parts.	
(i)	What is the role of the standard deviation in the normal curve? $8 \times 2 = 10$	)
(ii)	Write down any two properties of the normal distribution. (iii) What is the standard normal distribution?	
(iv)	in a normal distribution $\mu=20$ and $\sigma=4$ . What percentage of cases will fall between 16 and 24?	
(v)	If $X \sim N(100, 100)$ find the value of the maximum ordinate of normal curve.	-
(vi)	Given $n = 40$ , $\overline{X} = 32$ , $\sigma = 7$ and $Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 1.96$ . Find the confidence interval for ' $\mu$ '.	
(vii) (x)	What is interval estimation? (viii) Define test statistic (ix) What is meant by critical region?	
	Given $\sum (X_1 - \overline{X}_1)^2 = 26.94$ , $\sum (X_2 - \overline{X}_2)^2 = 18.73$ and $S_p = 1.81$ then find the degree	8
(xi)	of freedom $(n_1 + n_2 - 2)$ for $t$ while comparing two population means,  Differentiate hard and soft copy.  (xii) Define Hybrid Computer	
	di d	_
(i)	Define Population and Sample. $8 \times 2 = 16$ Define Population and Sample. (ii) What is Sampling unit?	-
(iii)	Differentiate between sampling with replacement and without replacement. (iv) What is non-sampling error	7
(v)	If $\mu$ =50, $\sigma^2$ =250 and $n$ =50. Find the $\mu_{\bar{\chi}}$ and $\sigma_{\bar{\chi}}^2$ if sampling is done with replacement.	-
(vi)	A population consists of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Find population proportion for even numbers.	
(vii)	What is meant by regression? (viii) Define scatter diagram.	_
(ix)	Given $\hat{Y} = 45 - 10X$ . Find $\hat{Y}$ when $X = 4$ (x) Write down any two properties of co-efficient of correlation.	
(xi)	What is perfect positive correlation? (xii) Find $b_{yx}$ if $r = 0.27$ and $b_{xy} = 2.18$	-
4. At	tornet any six parts	
(i)	Explain Positive Association. (ii) What is meant by attribute? $6 \times 2 = 12$	
(iii)	Given that $(A) = 400$ , $(B) = 200$ , $(AB) = 110$ , $n = 1000$ then discuss association.	
(iv)	Define term "Noise" in time series. (v) What is secular trend?	-
(vi)	Write the procedure for calculating trend values by semi-average method.	~~
(vii)	Name the components of time series. (viii) Discuss the analysis of time series.	-1
(ix)	The estimated straight line is $y=4+0.2x$ . Find the trend value if $x=2, 4$ .	
-	SECTION-II	-
	$3 \times 8 = 24$	-
5.(a)	In a normal distribution, lower and upper quartiles are 8 and 17 respectively. Find $\mu$ and $\sigma$ .	
(b)	Let $X \sim N(20, 25)$ , find the area under the normal curve (i) below 30 (ii) between 30 and 42	
6.(a)	A random variable $X$ has the following probability distribution: 4	1
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	P(X): 0.3 0.5 0.2 Find (i) Mean and variance of population	
	The second secon	
(b)	(ii) Determine $\mu_{\overline{X}}$ and $\sigma_{\overline{X}}^2$ if a sample of size 2 is taken with replacement.	1
	Take all possible samples of size 2 without replacement from a population consists of 3, 4, 5, 6. Calculate the proportion of odd numbers in each sample and show that $E(P) = \pi$	
7.(a)	Find 95% confidence interval for mean of normal distribution if $\sigma$ =72 and 4	1
	samples of size 81 gave the mean 50.68.	Ì
(b)	A random sample of size 10 from a population gave $\bar{x} = 20$ and sum of squares of deviations	
	from mean is 144. Test $H_0: \mu = 19$ against $H_1: \mu \neq 19$ use $\alpha = 0.05$	ĺ
3.(a)	Find correlation coefficient between income(X) and expenditure(Y).	
ĺ	X 1 2 3 4 5	
	Y 2 4 7 9 10	
	Comment your answer.	
(p)	Fit a regression line of Yield(Y) on Fertilizer(X) that is $\hat{Y} = a + bX$	
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
	Y 9 15 20 26	ĺ
-	Estimate Y when $X=5$	
(a)	Find $Y^2$ and test the association between injection against typhoid and 4	
	exemption from attack for the following data. Use $\alpha = 0.05$	İ
	Attacked Not-attacked	
	Inoculated 528 25 Not-inoculated 790 175	
(b)		-
(b)	Compute 3 – years moving average from the following data:  Years 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	
	Years         1996         1997         1998         1999         2000           Values         80         74         90         88         95	1
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